## TSCA HEALTH & SAFETY STUDY COVER SHEET

TSCA CBI STATUS: NONE

8249-1004-15757

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1.0 SUBMISSION TYPE  □ 8(d) XX 8(e) □ FYI □ 4 □ OTHER: Specify		
☐ 8(d) XX 8(e) ☐ FYI ☐ 4 ☐ OTHER: SpecifyXX- Initial Submission - Follow-up Submission ☐ Final Report Submission		
Previous EPA Submission Number or Title if update or follow-up:  Docket Number, if any: #		
Docket realistics, if any, #		
□ continuation sheet attached		
2.1 SUMMARY/ABSTRACT ATTACHED	2.2 SUBMITTER TRACKING	2.3 FOR EPA USE ONLY
(may be required for 8(e): optional for §4, 8(d) & FYI)	NUMBER OR INTERNAL ID	
X- YES 🛘 NO	7106 4575 1292 0338 1026	
	L-04-2-1	
3.0 CHEMICAL/TEST SUBSTANCE IDENTITY		
Reported Chemical Name (specify nomenclature if other than CAS name):  CAS#: 3173-53-3 Cyclohexylisocyanate		
Purity%		ĠĨ.
X- Single Ingredient		
☐ Commercial/Tech Grade		
☐ Mixture Trade Name Cycloh		Common Name: S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
CAS Number	<u>NAME</u>	% WEIGHT
Other chemical(s) present		
in tested mixture		
□ continuation sheet attached		<u>co</u>
4.0 REPORT/STUDY TITLE  In Witne abromassame Abarration Test with Chinese Homester V70 Calls T5072221		
In Vitro chromosome Aberration Test with Chinese Hamster V79 Cells – T5073221		
100,000		
☐ continuation sheet attached		
5.1 STUDY/TSCATS INDEXING TERMS		
[CHECK ONE]		
HEALTH EFFECTS (HE): X ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS (EE): ENVIRONMENTAL FATE (EF): 5.2 STUDY/TSCATS INDEXING TERMS (see instructions for 4 digit codes)		
STUDY SUBJECT	ROUTE OF	VEHICLE OF
TYPE: Vitro ORGANISM (HE, EE) HAMS		
Other: Other:	Other:	Other:
6.0 REPORT/STUDY INFORMATION	.P	
Laboratory Bayer Healthcare AG Toxicology Report/Study Date: 10/8/2004		
Caboratory Bayer Treatmente AO Toxicology Report Study Date. 10/6/2004		
Source of Data/Study Sponsor (if different than submitter)	anxess Corporation	Number of pages - $\circ$
🛘 continuation sheet attached		
7.0 SUBMITTER INFORMATION		
Susan VanVolkenburg		
Manager, Product Safety & Regulatory Affairs		
Lanxess Corporation COATARAGE		
Lanxess Corporation 100 Bayer Road		
Pittsburgh, PA 15205 412-77	77-4185	
		4
Technical Contact: SAME AS ABOVE	Ph	ione: ( )
© continuation sheet attached	111	
8.0 ADDITIONAL/OPTIONAL STUDY COMMENTS		
This compound is a commercial product.		
Continuation sheet attached € E H Q = 0 4 = 1 5 7 5 7		
S communition succe attached		
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Submitter Signature: Ausan lan lollen rurg Date: 10/8/2004
Page\_1\_of\_2\_

## 9.0 CONTINUATION SHEET

Submitter Tracking Number/Internal ID

7106 4575 1292 0338 1026 L-04-2-1

## Continuation of 2.1

Reporting is based on the following summary results.

## SUMMARY:

The clastogenic potential of Cyclohexylisocyanat was evaluated in a chromosome aberration test in vitro. Initially Chinese hamster V79 cells were exposed in the absence of S9 mix for 4 hours to concentrations of 1, 2, 4, 6, and 8 µg/ml of Cyclohexylisocyanat. Cultures of all concentrations were harvested 18 hours after the beginning of the treatment. In addition, cells treated with 4, 6, and 8 µg/ml were harvested 30 hours after the beginning of the treatment. In the presence of S9 mix cells were exposed for to concentrations of 4, 8, 18, 22, and 26 µg/ml of Cyclohexylisocyanat. Cultures of all concentrations were harvested 18 hours after the beginning of the treatment. In addition, cells treated with 18, 22 and 26 µg/ml were harvested 30 hours after the beginning of the treatment. Based on their cytotoxicity concentrations were selected for reading of metaphases.

Without S9 mix cytotoxic effects were observed at 2µg/ml and above. With S9 mix cytotoxic effects were observed at 4 µg/ml and above. Precipitation in the medium was not observed.

Therefore, concentrations of 1, 2 and 4  $\mu$ g/ml Cyclohexylisocyanat were chosen for reading in the absence of S9 mix. In the presence of S9 mix 4, 8 and 18  $\mu$ g/ml of Cyclohexylisocyanat were employed. All of these cultures harvested 18 hours after the beginning of the treatment were included. In addition, cultures treated in the absence of S9 mix with 4  $\mu$ g/ml and harvested 30 hours after the beginning of the treatment were used. The same was true for cultures treated in the presence of S9 mix with 18  $\mu$ g/ml.

In the absence of S9 mix cultures treated with Cyclohexylisocyanat showed at 4 µg/ml statistically significant increases for the numbers of aberrant metaphases which were of questionable biological relevance. However, in the presence of S9 mix cultures treated with Cyclohexylisocyanat showed biologically relevant and statistically significant increased numbers of aberrant metaphases at 18 µg/ml.

The positive controls mitomycin C and cyclophosphamide induced clastogenic effects and demonstrated the sensitivity of the test system and the activity of the used S9 mix.

Based on this test, Cyclohexylisocyanat is considered to be clastogenic for mammalian cells in vitro, at least with S9 mix.



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